

# **Aluminum electrolytic capacitors**

Snap-in capacitors

**Series/Type: B41505**, **B43505**Date: December 2010

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#### **Snap-in capacitors**

B41505, B43505

#### Excellent performance - 105 °C

## Long-life grade capacitors

## **Applications**

- Frequency converters
- Professional power supplies in industrial electronics and in data processing equipment

#### **Features**

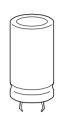
- Long useful life
- High reliability
- Outstanding ripple current capability
- Low ESR
- Capacitors with all insulation versions pass the needle flame test according to IEC 60695-11-5 for all flame exposure times up to 120 s
- RoHS-compatible

#### Construction

- Charge/discharge-proof, polar
- Aluminum case, fully insulated with PVC
- Version with PET insulation available (B43505 only)
- Version with additional PET insulation cap on terminal side available for insulating the capacitor from the PCB (B43505 only)
- Snap-in solder pins to hold component in place on PC-board
- Minus pole marking on case surface
- Minus pole not insulated from case
- Overload protection by safety vent on the base

#### **Terminals**

- Standard version with 2 terminals, 2 lengths available: 6.3 and 4.5 mm
- 3 terminals to ensure correct insertion: length 4.5 mm





# Excellent performance - 105 $^{\circ}$ C



# Specifications and characteristics in brief

Series	B4150	)5	B43505		
Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	10	100 V DC	200	450 V DC	
Surge voltage $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize S}}$	1.15 ·	$V_R$	1.15 · V <sub>R</sub> (for V <sub>R</sub> ≤ 250 V DC)		
			1.10 ·	$V_R$ (for $V_R \ge 400 \text{ V DC}$ )	
Rated capacitance C <sub>R</sub>	560	33000 μF	47	1500 μF	
Capacitance tolerance	±20%	≙ M	±20%		
Dissipation factor tan $\boldsymbol{\delta}$	$V_R = 1$	0 V DC: tan δ ≤ 0.20	$V_R \leq 4$	.00 V DC: tan $\delta$ ≤ 0.13	
(20 °C, 100 Hz)	$V_R = 1$	6 V DC: tan δ ≤ 0.15	$V_R = 4$	.50 V DC: tan $\delta$ ≤ 0.17	
	$V_R = 2$	5 V DC: tan δ ≤ 0.11			
	$V_R = 3$	5 V DC: tan δ ≤ 0.10			
	$V_R = 5$	0 V DC: tan δ ≤ 0.08			
	$V_R = 6$	3 100 V DC: $\tan \delta \le 0.06$			
Leakage current I <sub>leak</sub>		/C <sub>P</sub> V <sub>P</sub> \ <sup>0.7</sup>			
(5 min, 20 °C)	I <sub>leak</sub> ≤	$10.3  \mu \text{A} \cdot \left(\frac{\text{C}_{\text{R}}}{\mu \text{F}} \cdot \frac{\text{V}_{\text{R}}}{\text{V}}\right)^{0.7} + 4  \mu \text{A}$			
Self-inductance ESL	Appro	x. 20 nH			
Useful life					
105 °C, V <sub>R</sub> , I <sub>AC,R</sub>	> 5000	) h	> 5000 h		
85 °C, V <sub>R</sub> , I <sub>AC,max</sub>	> 1200	00 h	> 11000 h		
40 °C, $V_R$ , $2.1 \cdot I_{AC,R}$	> 2500	000 h	> 250000 h		
Requirements	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 45\%$ of initial value	∆C/C	$\leq \pm 30\%$ of initial value	
	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 3 times initial spec. limit	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 3 times initial spec. limit	
	I <sub>leak</sub>	≤ initial specified limit	I <sub>leak</sub>	≤ initial specified limit	
Load life test					
105 °C; V <sub>R</sub> ; I <sub>AC,R</sub>	4000 I	า	4000 I	า	
Post test requirements	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 20\%$ of initial value	∆C/C	$\leq \pm 20\%$ of initial value	
	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 2 times initial spec. limit	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 2 times initial spec. limit	
	I <sub>leak</sub>	≤ initial specified limit	I <sub>leak</sub>	≤ initial specified limit	
Voltage endurance test					
105 °C; V <sub>R</sub>	2000 I	า	2000 I	า	
Post test requirements	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 15\%$ of initial value	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 10\%$ of initial value	
	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 1.3 times initial spec. limit	$tan \ \delta$	$\leq$ 1.3 times initial spec. limit	
	I <sub>leak</sub>	≤ initial specified limit	I <sub>leak</sub>	$\leq$ initial specified limit	
Vibration resistance	To IE	C 60068-2-6, test Fc:			
test	-	ency range 10 Hz 55 Hz, di		nent amplitude 0.35 mm,	
		eration max. 5 $g$ , duration $3 \times 2$			
	-	citor mounted by its body which	n is rigio	dly clamped to the work	
	surfac	e.			





# Excellent performance - 105 °C

Series	B41505		B43505				
Characteristics at low	Max. impedance	ratio at 100 Hz	Max. impedan	ce ratio at	100 Hz		
temperature	$\overline{V_R}$	10 100 V	$\overline{V_R}$	≤ 400 V	450 V		
	Z <sub>-25 °C</sub> / Z <sub>20 °C</sub>	2	Z -25 °C / Z 20 °C	4	7		
	Z <sub>-40 °C</sub> / Z <sub>20 °C</sub>	3	$Z_{-40^{\circ}\text{C}}$ / $Z_{20^{\circ}\text{C}}$	7	14		
IEC climatic category	To IEC 60068-1: $V_{\text{R}} \leq 400 \text{ V DC: } 40/105/56 \text{ (}-40 \text{ °C/+}105 \text{ °C/56 days damp heat test)} $ $V_{\text{R}} = 450 \text{ V DC: } 25/105/56 \text{ (}-25 \text{ °C/+}105 \text{ °C/56 days damp heat test)} $ The capacitors can be operated in the temperature range of $-40 \text{ °C to +}105 \text{ °C}$ but the impedance at $-40 \text{ °C}$ should be taken into consideration.						
Detail specification Sectional specification	- IEC 60384-4	C 30301-	309				



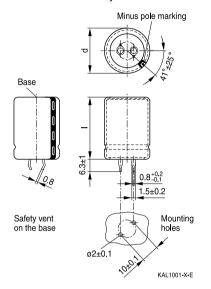
#### Excellent performance - 105 °C



#### **Dimensional drawings**

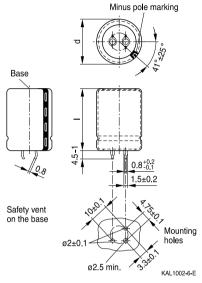
## Snap-in capacitors with standard insulation (PVC or PET)

PET insulation is only available for B43505



Snap-in terminals, length  $(6.3 \pm 1)$  mm. Also available in a shorter version with a length of (4.5 - 1) mm. PET insulation is marked with label "PET" on the sleeve.

Dimensio	ns (mm)	Approx.	Packing
d +1	l ±2	weight (g)	units (pcs.)
22	25	9	160
22	30	12	160
22	35	15	160
22	40	18	160
22	45	20	160
25	25	13	130
25	30	17	130
25	35	19	130
25	40	22	130
25	45	25	130



Snap-in capacitors are also available with 3 terminals (length (4.5-1) mm). PET insulation is marked with label "PET" on the sleeve.

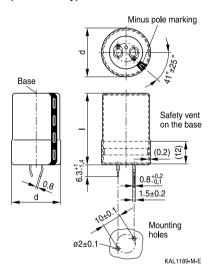
Dimensio	ns (mm)	Approx.	Packing
d +1	l ±2	weight (g)	units (pcs.)
30	25	17	80
30	30	23	80
30	35	29	80
30	40	36	80
30	45	41	80
30	50	46	80
35	30	29	60
35	35	36	60
35	40	41	60
35	45	56	60
35	50	70	60





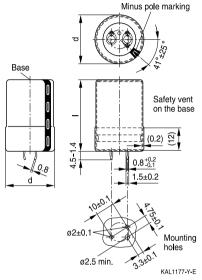
#### Excellent performance - 105 °C

# Snap-in capacitors with PVC insulation and PET insulation cap on terminal side (B43505 only)



Snap-in terminals, length (6.3 + 1/-1.4) mm. Also available in a shorter version with a length of (4.5 - 1.4) mm. PET insulation cap is positioned under the insulation sleeve.

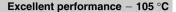
Dimensions (mm)		Approx.	Packing					
d +1.4	I +2.2/-2	weight (g)	units (pcs.)					
22	25	9	160					
22	30	12	160					
22	35	15	160					
22	40	18	160					
22	45	20	160					
25	25	13	130					
25	30	17	130					
25	35	19	130					
25	40	22	130					
25	45	25	130					



Snap-in capacitors are also available with 3 terminals (length (4.5 – 1.4) mm). PET insulation cap is positioned under the insulation sleeve.

Dimensio	ns (mm)	Approx.	Packing
d +1.4	I +2.2/-2	weight (g)	units (pcs.)
30	25	17	80
30	30	23	80
30	35	29	80
30	40	36	80
30	45	41	80
30	50	46	80
35	30	29	60
35	35	36	60
35	40	41	60
35	45	56	60
35	50	70	60







#### Packing of snap-in capacitors



For ecological reasons the packing is pure cardboard. Components can be withdrawn (in full or in part) in the correct position for insertion.

## Ordering codes for terminal styles and insulation features

#### Identification in 3rd block of ordering code

Snap-in capacitors							
Terminal version	Insulation v	Insulation version					
	PVC	PET	PVC plus PET cap				
		(B43505 only)	(B43505 only)				
Standard terminals 6.3 mm	M000	M060	M080				
Short terminals 4.5 mm	M007	M067	M087				
3 terminals 4.5 mm	M002	M062	M082				

#### Ordering examples:

B43505A5107M007 } snap-in capacitor with short terminals and standard PVC insulation

B43505A5107M062 } snap-in capacitor with 3 terminals and PET insulation

B43505A5107M080 } snap-in capacitor with standard terminals and PVC insulation with additional PET insulation cap on terminal side





# Excellent performance - 105 °C

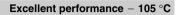
## Overview of available types

#### B41505

V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	10	16	25	35	50	63	80	100	
	Case dimensions d × I (mm)								
C <sub>R</sub> (μF)									
560								25 × 25	
680								22 × 35	
1000						22 × 25	25 × 25	25 × 35	
								$30 \times 30$	
1200							30 × 25		
1500						22 × 35	25 × 35	30 × 40	
2200				22 × 25	22 × 35	25 × 35	30 × 35	30 × 50	
						30 × 30			
3300				22 × 30	25 × 35	30 × 40	35 × 35	35 × 50	
				25 × 25					
4700			$22 \times 30$	$22 \times 40$	$30 \times 35$	$35 \times 35$	35 × 45		
			25 × 25						
6800	$22 \times 25$	$22 \times 30$	$25 \times 30$	$25 \times 40$	$30 \times 50$	$35 \times 50$			
10000	$22 \times 30$	$25 \times 30$	$25 \times 40$	30 × 40	35 × 45				
15000	22 × 40	25 × 40	30 × 40	35 × 40					
18000				35 × 45					
22000	30 × 35	30 × 40							
33000	30 × 45								

The capacitance and voltage ratings listed above are available in different cases upon request. Other voltage and capacitance ratings are also available upon request.







## Overview of available types

#### B43505

V <sub>R</sub> (V DC)	200	250	400	450
	Case dimension	ons d×I (mm)		
C <sub>R</sub> (μF)				
47				22 × 25
100			25 × 30	22 × 45
				30 × 30
150			25 × 40	25 × 45
			30 × 30	30 × 35
220	22 × 30	25 × 30	30 × 40	30 × 45
			$35 \times 30$	35 × 35
330	22 × 40	25 × 40	30 × 50	35 × 50
		30 × 30	$35 \times 40$	
390			35 × 45	35 × 50
470	25 × 40	30 × 35	35 × 50	
	30 × 30			
680	30 × 40	30 × 45		
1000	35 × 45	35 × 45		
1500	35 × 50			

The capacitance and voltage ratings listed above are available in different cases upon request. Other voltage and capacitance ratings are also available upon request.





## Excellent performance - 105 °C

# Technical data and ordering codes - B41505

$\overline{C_{R}}$	Case	ESR <sub>typ</sub>	Z <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,R</sub> 1)	Ordering code
0 <sub>R</sub> 100 Hz	dimensions	100 Hz	10 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	(composition see
20 °C	d×I	20 °C	20 °C	60 °C	85 °C	105 °C	below)
20 C μF	mm	mΩ	mΩ	Α	A	A	Delow)
		11152	11152	^			
$V_R = 10 \text{ V}$		1	T	1	1	ı	
6800	22 × 25	74	78	3.6	2.8	1.4	B41505A3688M00#
10000	22 × 30	53	56	4.6	3.6	1.8	B41505A3109M00#
15000	22 × 40	37	39	5.9	4.6	2.3	B41505A3159M00#
22000	30 × 35	26	28	7.7	6.0	3.0	B41505A3229M00#
33000	30 × 45	19	20	10.2	7.8	3.9	B41505A3339M00#
$V_R = 16 V$	DC						
6800	$22 \times 30$	46	49	4.6	3.6	1.8	B41505A4688M00#
10000	$25 \times 30$	34	36	5.6	4.4	2.2	B41505A4109M00#
15000	$25 \times 40$	24	26	7.1	5.6	2.8	B41505A4159M00#
22000	30 × 40	17	18	9.4	7.0	3.5	B41505A4229M00#
$V_R = 25 V$	DC						
4700	22 × 30	53	57	4.1	3.2	1.6	B41505A5478M00#
4700	25 × 25	53	57	4.1	3.2	1.6	B41505F5478M00#
6800	$25 \times 30$	41	43	4.8	3.8	1.9	B41505A5688M00#
10000	25 × 40	30	32	6.4	5.0	2.5	B41505A5109M00#
15000	30 × 40	22	23	8.2	6.4	3.2	B41505A5159M00#
$V_R = 35 \text{ V}$	DC						
2200	22×25	85	90	2.8	2.2	1.1	B41505A7228M00#
3300	22 × 30	56	60	3.8	3.0	1.5	B41505A7338M00#
3300	25 × 25	56	60	3.8	3.0	1.5	B41505F7338M00#
4700	22 × 40	45	48	4.8	3.8	1.9	B41505A7478M00#
6800	25 × 40	35	37	5.9	4.6	2.3	B41505A7688M00#
10000	30 × 40	26	28	7.4	5.8	2.9	B41505A7109M00#
15000	35 × 40	19	20	9.4	7.6	3.8	B41505A7159M00#
18000	$35 \times 45$	17	18	11.1	8.6	4.3	B41505A7189M00#
$V_R = 50 \text{ V}$	DC						
2200	22 × 35	85	90	3.6	2.8	1.4	B41505A6228M00#
3300	25 × 35	56	60	4.6	3.6	1.8	B41505A6338M00#
4700	30 × 35	42	45	5.6	4.4	2.2	B41505A6478M00#
6800	30 × 50	33	35	7.4	5.8	2.9	B41505A6688M00#
10000	35 × 45	25	26	9.4	7.2	3.6	B41505A6109M00#

## Composition of ordering code

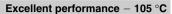
# = Terminal style

0 = snap-in standard terminals (6.3 mm)

2 = snap-in 3 terminals (4.5 mm)

<sup>1) 120-</sup>Hz conversion factor of ripple current:  $I_{AC}$  (120 Hz) = 1.03  $\cdot$   $I_{AC}$  (100 Hz)







# Technical data and ordering codes - B41505

$C_R$	Case	ESR <sub>typ</sub>	Z <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,R</sub> 2)	Ordering code
100 Hz	dimensions	100 Hz	10 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	(composition see
20 °C	$d \times I$	20 °C	20 °C	60 °C	85 °C	105 °C	below)
μF	mm	mΩ	mΩ	Α	Α	Α	
$V_R = 63 \text{ V}$	DC						
1000	22×25	149	159	2.6	2.0	1.0	B41505A8108M00#
1500	22 × 35	100	106	3.6	2.8	1.4	B41505A8158M00#
2200	25 × 35	68	72	4.3	3.4	1.7	B41505A8228M00#
2200	30 × 30	80	85	4.6	3.6	1.8	B41505F8228M00#
3300	30 × 40	53	56	5.9	4.6	2.3	B41505A8338M00#
4700	$35 \times 35$	42	45	6.9	5.4	2.7	B41505A8478M00#
6800	$35 \times 50$	29	31	9.4	7.2	3.6	B41505A8688M00#
$V_R = 80 \text{ V}$	DC						
1000	25 × 25	125	133	3.3	2.6	1.3	B41505A0108M00#
1200	30 × 25	104	110	3.8	3.0	1.5	B41505A0128M00#
1500	$25 \times 35$	83	89	4.6	3.6	1.8	B41505A0158M00#
2200	30 × 35	56	60	5.1	4.0	2.0	B41505A0228M00#
3300	$35 \times 35$	45	48	7.1	5.6	2.8	B41505A0338M00#
4700	$35 \times 45$	32	34	8.5	6.8	3.4	B41505A0478M00#
$V_{R} = 100 \text{ V}$	/ DC						
560	25 × 25	178	190	2.6	2.0	1.0	B41505A9567M00#
680	22 × 35	146	156	3.1	2.4	1.2	B41505A9687M00#
1000	25 × 35	100	106	3.6	2.8	1.4	B41505A9108M00#
1000	30 × 30	100	106	3.8	3.0	1.5	B41505F9108M00#
1500	30 × 40	66	70	4.8	3.8	1.9	B41505A9158M00#
2200	30 × 50	56	60	5.9	4.6	2.3	B41505A9228M00#
3300	35 × 50	38	40	7.7	6.0	3.0	B41505A9338M00#

## Composition of ordering code

# = Terminal style

0 = snap-in standard terminals (6.3 mm)

2 = snap-in 3 terminals (4.5 mm)

<sup>2) 120-</sup>Hz conversion factor of ripple current:  $I_{AC}$  (120 Hz) = 1.03  $\cdot$   $I_{AC}$  (100 Hz)





## Excellent performance - 105 °C

## Technical data and ordering codes - B43505

C <sub>R</sub>	Case	ESR <sub>typ</sub>	Z <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,R</sub> 1)	Ordering code
100 Hz	dimensions	100 Hz	10 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	(composition see
20 °C	$d \times I$	20 °C	20 °C	60 °C	85 °C	105 °C	below)
μF	mm	mΩ	mΩ	Α	Α	Α	,
$V_{R} = 200$	V DC						
220	22 × 30	580	700	2.5	1.9	0.96	B43505E2227M0*#
330	$22 \times 40$	390	470	3.5	2.6	1.3	B43505E2337M0*#
470	$25 \times 40$	280	330	4.5	3.4	1.7	B43505E2477M0*#
470	$30 \times 30$	280	330	4.4	3.3	1.7	B43505G2477M0*#
680	$30 \times 40$	190	230	5.9	4.4	2.2	B43505E2687M0*#
1000	$35 \times 45$	130	160	8.3	6.2	3.1	B43505E2108M0*#
1500	$35 \times 50$	90	110	10.5	7.8	3.9	B43505E2158M0*#
$V_{R} = 250$	V DC						
220	$25 \times 30$	580	700	2.8	2.1	1.0	B43505A2227M0*#
330	$25 \times 40$	390	470	3.8	2.8	1.4	B43505A2337M0*#
330	$30 \times 30$	390	470	3.7	2.8	1.4	B43505C2337M0*#
470	$30 \times 35$	280	330	4.7	3.5	1.8	B43505A2477M0*#
680	$30 \times 45$	190	230	6.2	4.6	2.3	B43505A2687M0*#
1000	$35 \times 45$	130	160	8.3	6.2	3.1	B43505A2108M0*#
$V_{R} = 400$	V DC						
100	$25 \times 30$	880	1090	1.8	1.4	0.70	B43505A9107M0*#
150	$25 \times 40$	590	730	2.5	1.9	0.95	B43505A9157M0*#
150	$30 \times 30$	590	730	2.5	1.9	0.94	B43505C9157M0*#
220	$30 \times 40$	400	500	3.3	2.5	1.3	B43505A9227M0*#
220	$35 \times 30$	400	500	3.3	2.5	1.3	B43505C9227M0*#
330	30 × 50	270	330	4.5	3.3	1.7	B43505A9337M0*#
330	$35 \times 40$	270	330	4.5	3.4	1.7	B43505C9337M0*#
390	$35 \times 45$	230	280	5.1	3.8	1.9	B43505A9397M0*#
470	35 × 50	190	240	5.9	4.4	2.2	B43505A9477M0*#

#### Composition of ordering code

\* = Insulation feature

0 = PVC insulation

6 = PET insulation

8 = PVC insulation with additional PET insulation cap on terminal side

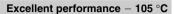
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2 = snap-in 3 terminals (4.5 mm)

<sup>1) 120-</sup>Hz conversion factor of ripple current:  $I_{AC}$  (120 Hz) = 1.03 ·  $I_{AC}$  (100 Hz)







# Technical data and ordering codes - B43505

C <sub>R</sub>	Case	ESR <sub>typ</sub>	Z <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,max</sub>	I <sub>AC,R</sub> 2)	Ordering code
100 Hz	dimensions	100 Hz	10 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	(composition see
20 °C	$d \times I$	20 °C	20 °C	60 °C	85 °C	105 °C	below)
μF	mm	mΩ	mΩ	Α	Α	Α	
V <sub>B</sub> = 450 V DC							
47	22 × 25	2280	3390	1.1	0.83	0.41	B43505A5476M0*#
100	22 × 45	1360	1600	2.0	1.5	0.75	B43505A5107M0*#
100	30 × 30	1360	1600	2.0	1.5	0.76	B43505C5107M0*#
150	25 × 45	910	1070	2.6	2.0	1.0	B43505A5157M0*#
150	30 × 35	910	1070	2.6	2.0	0.99	B43505C5157M0*#
220	30 × 45	620	730	3.5	2.6	1.3	B43505A5227M0*#
220	$35 \times 35$	620	730	3.5	2.7	1.3	B43505C5227M0*#
330	$35 \times 50$	410	490	4.9	3.7	1.8	B43505A5337M0*#
390	35 × 50	350	410	5.3	4.0	2.0	B43505A5397M0*#

## Composition of ordering code

\* = Insulation feature

0 = PVC insulation

6 = PET insulation

8 = PVC insulation with additional PET insulation cap on terminal side

# = Terminal style

0 = snap-in standard terminals (6.3 mm)

2 = snap-in 3 terminals (4.5 mm)

<sup>2) 120-</sup>Hz conversion factor of ripple current:  $I_{AC}$  (120 Hz) = 1.03  $\cdot$   $I_{AC}$  (100 Hz)



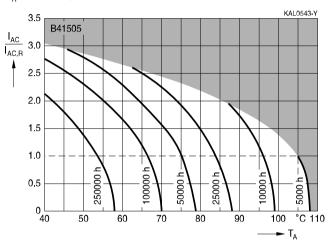


## Excellent performance - 105 °C

#### **Useful life**

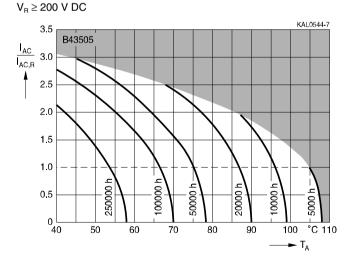
depending on ambient temperature  $T_A$  under ripple current operating conditions  $^{1)}$ 

 $V_R \le 100 \text{ V DC}$ 



#### **Useful life**

depending on ambient temperature T<sub>A</sub> under ripple current operating conditions<sup>1)</sup>



Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5.3 Calculation of useful life" for an explanation on how to interpret the useful life graphs.

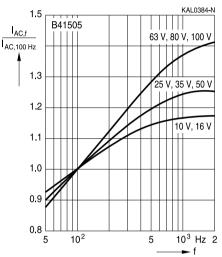


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# Frequency factor of permissible ripple current $I_{AC}$ versus frequency f

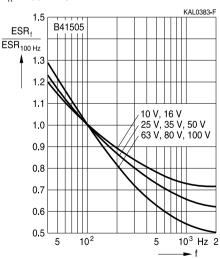
 $V_R \le 100 \text{ V DC}$ 



## Frequency characteristic of ESR

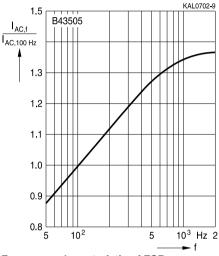
Typical behavior

 $V_R \le 100 \text{ V DC}$ 



# Frequency factor of permissible ripple current I<sub>AC</sub> versus frequency f

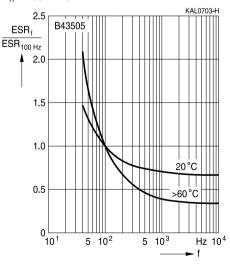
 $V_R \ge 200 \text{ V DC}$ 



## Frequency characteristic of ESR

Typical behavior

 $V_R \ge 200 \text{ V DC}$ 



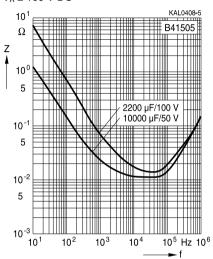




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## Impedance Z versus frequency f

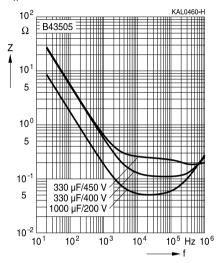
Typical behavior at 20  $^{\circ}$ C  $V_{B} \le 100 \text{ V DC}$ 



## Impedance Z versus frequency f

Typical behavior at 20  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

 $V_B \ge 200 \text{ V DC}$ 





#### Excellent performance - 105 °C



#### Cautions and warnings

#### Personal safety

The electrolytes used by EPCOS have not only been optimized with a view to the intended application, but also with regard to health and environmental compatibility. They do not contain any solvents that are detrimental to health, e.g. dimethyl formamide (DMF) or dimethyl acetamide (DMAC).

Furthermore, part of the high-voltage electrolytes used by EPCOS are self-extinguishing. They contain flame-retarding substances which will quickly extinguish any flame that may have been ignited.

As far as possible, EPCOS does not use any dangerous chemicals or compounds to produce operating electrolytes. However, in exceptional cases, such materials must be used in order to achieve specific physical and electrical properties because no safe substitute materials are currently known. However, the amount of dangerous materials used in our products has been limited to an absolute minimum. Nevertheless, the following rules should be observed when handling aluminum electrolytic capacitors:

- Any escaping electrolyte should not come into contact with eyes or skin.
- If electrolyte does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected parts immediately with running water. If the eyes are affected, rinse them for 10 minutes with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical treatment.
- Avoid breathing in electrolyte vapor or mists. Workplaces and other affected areas should be well ventilated. Clothing that has been contaminated by electrolyte must be changed and rinsed in water.





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# **Product safety**

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of chapter "General technical information".

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Polarity	Make sure that polar capacitors are connected with the right polarity.	1 "Basic construction of aluminum electrolytic capacitors"
Reverse voltage	Voltages polarity classes should be prevented by connecting a diode.	3.1.6 "Reverse voltage"
Upper category temperature	Do not exceed the upper category temperature.	7.2 "Maximum permissible operating temperature"
Maintenance	Make periodic inspections of the capacitors. Before the inspection, make sure that the power supply is turned off and carefully discharge the electricity of the capacitors. Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.	10 "Maintenance"
Mounting position of screw-terminal capacitors	Do not mount the capacitor with the terminals (safety vent) upside down.	11.1. "Mounting positions of capacitors with screw terminals"
Mounting of single-ended capacitors	The internal structure of single-ended capacitors might be damaged if excessive force is applied to the lead wires.  Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress. Do not move the capacitor after soldering to PC board.  Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.  Do not insert the capacitor on the PC board with a hole space different to the lead space specified.	11.4 "Mounting considerations for single-ended capacitors"
Robustness of terminals	The following maximum tightening torques must not be exceeded when connecting screw terminals: M5: 2 Nm M6: 2.5 Nm	11.3 "Mounting torques"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	11.5 "Soldering"





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Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Soldering,	Do not allow halogenated hydrocarbons to come	11.6
cleaning agents	into contact with aluminum electrolytic capacitors.	"Cleaning agents"
Passive	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity.	8.1
flammability		"Passive flammability"
Active	Avoid overload of the capacitors.	8.2
flammability	•	"Active flammability"
		Reference chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals"
Breakdown strength of insulating sleeves	Do not damage the insulating sleeve, especially when ring clips are used for mounting.	"Screw terminals – accessories"





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# Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German	
С	Capacitance	Kapazität	
$C_R$	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität	
Cs	Series capacitance	Serienkapazität	
$C_{S,T}$	Series capacitance at temperature T	Serienkapazität bei Temperatur T	
$C_{f}$	Capacitance at frequency f	Kapazität bei Frequenz f	
d	Case diameter, nominal dimension	Gehäusedurchmesser, Nennmaß	
$d_{\text{max}}$	Maximum case diameter	Maximaler Gehäusedurchmesser	
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität	
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatzserienwiderstand	
ESR <sub>f</sub>	Equivalent series resistance at frequency f	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Frequenz f	
ESR <sub>T</sub>	Equivalent series resistance at temperature T	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Temperatur T	
f	Frequency	Frequenz	
1	Current	Strom	
$I_{AC}$	Alternating current (ripple current)	Wechselstrom	
$I_{\text{AC,rms}}$	Root-mean-square value of alternating current	Wechselstrom, Effektivwert	
$I_{AC,f}$	Ripple current at frequency f	Wechselstrom bei Frequenz f	
$I_{AC,max}$	Maximum permissible ripple current	Maximal zulässiger Wechselstrom	
$I_{AC,R}$	Rated ripple current	Nennwechselstrom	
I <sub>AC,R</sub> (B)	Rated ripple current for base cooling	Nennwechselstromstrom für Bodenkühlung	
l <sub>leak</sub>	Leakage current	Reststrom	
I <sub>leak,op</sub>	Operating leakage current	Betriebsreststrom	
1	Case length, nominal dimension	Gehäuselänge, Nennmaß	
I <sub>max</sub>	Maximum case length (without	Maximale Gehäuselänge (ohne Anschlüsse	
	terminals and mounting stud)	und Gewindebolzen)	
R	Resistance	Widerstand	
$R_{ins}$	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand	
$R_{\text{symm}}$	Balancing resistance	Symmetrierwiderstand	
Т	Temperature	Temperatur	
$\DeltaT$	Temperature difference	Temperaturdifferenz	
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur	
$T_C$	Case temperature	Gehäusetemperatur	
T <sub>B</sub>	Capacitor base temperature	Temperatur des Becherbodens	
t	Time	Zeit	
$\Delta t$	Period	Zeitraum	
t <sub>b</sub>	Service life (operating hours)	Brauchbarkeitsdauer (Betriebszeit)	





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Symbol	English	German
V	Voltage	Spannung
$V_{F}$	Forming voltage	Formierspannung
$V_{op}$	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
$V_{R}$	Rated voltage, DC voltage	Nennspannung, Gleichspannung
$V_s$	Surge voltage	Spitzenspannung
$X_{C}$	Capacitive reactance	Kapazitiver Blindwiderstand
$X_L$	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
$Z_T$	Impedance at temperature T	Scheinwiderstand bei Temperatur T
$tan \ \delta$	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
$\epsilon_{0}$	Absolute permittivity	Elektrische Feldkonstante
$\epsilon_{\text{r}}$	Relative permittivity	Dielektrizitätszahl
ω	Angular velocity; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$	Kreisfrequenz; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$

## Note

All dimensions are given in mm.



#### Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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